Unit 4: Human Impact and Marine Conservation

Overview: In this unit, the students will use knowledge acquired through all previous units to investigate the ecological and economic importance of the ocean ecosystems as well as the impact humans have on the ocean, ways to protect the ocean and sustainable management of the ocean. Students will observe, investigate, and analyze how variety of large and small-scale human activities can impact the environmental and economic aspects of the ocean system.

Overview	Standards for Science	Unit Focus	Essential Questions
Unit 4 Human Impact and Marine Conservation	• HS-ESS2-2 • HS-ESS3-4 • HS-ETS1-1 • HS-ETS1-2 • WIDA 1, 4	 Compare and contrast the terms finfish and shellfish List examples of organisms that are raised in aquaculture. Determine how changes to ocean systems through human activity can impact ocean systems Describe and model how changes to human activity can cause positive and negative changes to Earth's climate and ocean processes Determine how weather and climate changes impact ocean organisms Describe how changes to ocean systems change ocean organisms Model how scientific advancements has or will impact ocean processes Model how changes to ocean conditions, human activity, and resource abundance has changed over time and can continue to change Model how future human activities can impact environmental and biodiversity in positive and negative ways Model how populations will change based on different selection conditions when applied due to changes in human activity Model how future human activity may impact ocean systems Extrapolate how humans need to resources will change as global human population grows and changes Design a solution to a secondary problem in the ocean with minimal guidance Describe how changes to biodiversity changes ecosystems 	 How did geologic processes impact the formation of the ocean and continue to this day? What is nonpoint and point source pollution? How does coastline development impact storm protection? What resources are available in the ocean? How does global climate change affect the ocean? Why is it important to protect marine environments and what can we do? In what ways do we depend on the oceans for our current needs and ways of life? How has the human race negatively impacted the marine environment? In what ways do we (humans) attempt to conserve marine natural resources?

Unit 4: Human Impact and Marine Conservation

Unit 4: Enduring Understandings

- Living resources from the oceans, especially fish and shellfish, are important sources of protein for humans around the world and these fisheries must be managed sustainably.
- Farmed fish and shellfish must be managed sustainably because they contribute an increasing amount of food to people around the world.
- Humans use marine living resources in other ways besides food, including for recreation.
- Non-living resources from the seafloor include those used for energy or other industries.
- Non-living resources from seawater include energy from tides or waves, fresh water, and table salt.
- Modifying or destroying marine habitats though changing the abiotic or biotic characteristics of the habitats often negatively affects marine life.
- Pollution reaching the marine environment results in changes to both abiotic and biotic factors that affect marine life.
- The alteration of marine habitats by humans can lead to marine organisms becoming threatened, endangered, or extinct.
- Through conservation and habitat restoration efforts, humans are working to reverse the negative impacts of previous actions.

- How do governments deal with necessary legislation of conservation requirements?
- What non-profit options are there for concerned members of the community at large?

Curriculum	Standards		Pacing	
Unit 4			Days	Unit Days
Unit 4:	HS-ESS2-2	Analyze geoscience data to make the claim that one change to Earth's surface can create feedbacks that cause changes to other Earth systems.	2	
Human Impact and Marine	ns-Esss-2 Evaluate competing design solutions for developing, managing, and		2	
Conservation	HS-ESS3-4	Evaluate or refine a technological solution that reduces impacts of human activities on climate change and other natural systems.	2	
	HS-ETS1-1 Analyze a major global challenge to specify qualitative and quanticriteria and constraints for solutions that account for societal need wants.		4	18
	HS-ETS1-2	Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering.	4	
	Assessment, Re-teach and Extension		2	
	Final Exam		2	

Unit 4 - Marine Biology CP				
Disciplinary Core Ideas	Indicator #	Indicator		
 ESS2.A: Earth Materials and Systems Earth's systems, being dynamic and interacting, cause feedback effects that can increase or decrease the original changes. (HS-ESS2-1), (HS-ESS2-2) ESS3.A: Natural Resources 	HS-ESS2-2	Analyze geoscience data to make the claim that one change to Earth's surface can create feedbacks that cause changes to other Earth systems.		
All forms of energy production and other resource extraction have associated economic, social, environmental, and geopolitical costs and risks as well as benefits. New technologies and social regulations can change the balance of	HS-ESS3-2	Evaluate competing design solutions for developing, managing, and utilizing energy and mineral resources based on cost-benefit ratios.		
these factors. (HS-ESS3-2) ESS3.C: Human Impacts on Earth Systems • Scientists and engineers can make major contributions by developing technologies that produce less pollution and	HS-ESS3-4	Evaluate or refine a technological solution that reduces impacts of human activities on climate change and other natural systems.		
waste & that preclude ecosystem degradation. (HS-ESS3-4) ETS1.A: Delimiting Engineering Problems • Criteria and constraints also include satisfying any requirements set by society, such as taking issues of risk mitigation into account, and they should be quantified to the extent possible and stated in such a way that one can tell if a given design meets them. (HS-ETS1-1) • Humanity faces major global challenges today, such as the need for supplies of clean water and food or for energy sources that minimize pollution, which can be addressed	HS-ETS1-1	Analyze a major global challenge to specify qualitative and quantitative criteria and constraints for solutions that account for societal needs and wants.		
through engineering. These global challenges also may have manifestations in local communities. (HS-ETS1-1) ETS1.C: Optimizing the Design Solution • Criteria may need to be broken down into simpler ones that can be approached systematically, and decisions about the priority of certain criteria over others (tradeoffs) may be needed. (HS-ETS1-2)	HS-ETS1-2	Design a solution to a complex real-world problem by breaking it down into smaller, more manageable problems that can be solved through engineering.		

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Unit 4 – Marine Biology CP				
Assessment Plan				
 Exploratory activities Warm-up/Ticket Out activities Class discussions Student Participation Teacher Observations Virtual/Hands-On Labs Self-Test Assessments Scientist Timeline Activity 	 Quizzes and Tests (Chapters 19-20, "Marine Science" by Castro and Huber, 2nd edition) Authentic assessments and projects Exploratory activities Presentations Lecture Notes Think-Pair-Share Graphic Organizers Study Questions at the end of each chapter Multiple Choice and Critical Thinking at the end of each chapter 			
Resources	Activities			
 Chromebooks Textbook ("Marine Science, 2nd edition" Castro and Huber) www.My.mheducation.com Web Quests Virtual Field Trips Video Streaming BrainPOP Puzzlemaker: Game Based Learning Discovery Education Diversity, Equity & Inclusion Educational Resources https://www.nj.gov/education/standards/dei/ 	 Use various forms of expository writing-procedural writing, narrative writing, descriptive writing, labeling, as well as to create visuals, graphs, tables, diagrams and charts. Use scientific argumentation with exercises on writing claims, using evidence to support your claim and explaining the reasoning behind their claim. Mini-lessons Independent reading Films Website exploration Discussions, dialogues Debates Laboratory experiments Partner or small group work Student presentations, reports, journals, reflections In-class assessments Written reports, essays, research, and homework 			

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Instructional Best Practices and Exemplars		
1. Identifying similarities and differences	6. Cooperative learning	
2. Summarizing and note taking	7. Setting objectives and providing feedback	
3. Reinforcing effort and providing recognition	8. Generating and testing hypotheses	
4. Homework and practice	9. Cues, questions, and advance organizers	
5. Nonlinguistic representations	10. Manage response rates	

9.1 Personal Financial Literacy, 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training & 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills

The implementation of the 21st Century skills and standards for students of the Winslow Township District is infused in an interdisciplinary format in a variety of curriculum areas that include, English language Arts, Mathematics, School Guidance, Social Studies, Technology, Visual and Performing Arts, Science, Physical Education and Health, and World Language.

Additional opportunities to address 9.1, 9.2 & 9.4:

Philadelphia Mint

https://www.usmint.gov/learn/kids/resources/educational-standards

Different ways to teach Financial Literacy.

https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/10-interactive-financial-websites-teach-kids-money-management-skills/

- 9.4.12.TL.1: Assess digital tools based on features such as accessibility options, capacities, and utility for accomplishing a specified task (e.g., W.11-12.6.).
- 9.4.12.TL.2: Generate data using formula-based calculations in a spreadsheet and draw conclusions about the data.
- 9.4.12.TL.4: Collaborate in online learning communities or social networks or virtual worlds to analyze and propose a resolution to a real-world problem (e.g., 7.1.AL.IPERS.6).
- 9.4.12.IML.6: Use various types of media to produce and store information on climate change for different purposes and audiences with sensitivity to cultural, gender, and age diversity (e.g., NJSLSA.SL5)
- 9.4.12.IML.7: Develop an argument to support a claim regarding a current workplace or societal/ethical issue such as climate change (e.g., NJSLSA.W1, 7.1.AL.PRSNT.4).
- 9.4.12.DC.7: Evaluate the influence of digital communities on the nature, content and responsibilities of careers, and other aspects of society (e.g., 6.1.12.CivicsPD.16.a).
- 9.4.12.CT.2: Explain the potential benefits of collaborating to enhance critical thinking and problem solving (e.g., 1.3E.12profCR3.a).
- 9.4.12.CI.2: Identify career pathways that highlight personal talents, skills, and abilities (e.g., 1.4.12prof.CR2b, 2.2.12.LF.8).

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Modifications for Special Education/504

Students with special needs: The students' needs will be addressed on an individual and grade level using a variety of modalities. Accommodations will be made for those students who need extra time to complete assignment. Support staff will be available to aid students related to IEP specifications. 504 accommodations will also be attended to by all instructional leaders. Physical expectations and modifications, alternative assessments, and scaffolding strategies will be used to support this learning. The use of Universal Design for Learning (UDL) will be considered for all students as teaching strategies are considered.

- Small group instruction
- Audio books/ Text-to-speech platforms
- Leveled texts/Vocabulary Readers
- Leveled informational texts via online
- Modeling and guided practice
- Read directions aloud
- Repeat, rephrase and clarify directions
- Extended time as needed
- Break down assignments into smaller units
- Provide shortened assignments
- Modify testing format
- Repeat directions as needed
- Graphic organizers
- Study Guides, Study Aids and Re teaching as needed

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Modifications for At-Risk Students

Formative and summative data will be used to monitor student success. At first signs of failure, student work will be reviewed to determine support. This may include parent consultation, basic skills review and differentiation strategies. With considerations to UDL, time may be a factor in overcoming developmental considerations

- Audio books and Text-to-speech platforms
- Leveled texts/Vocabulary Readers
- Leveled informational texts via online
- Extended time as needed
- Read directions aloud
- Assist with organization
- Use of computer
- Emphasize/highlight key concepts
- Recognize success
- Provide timelines for work completion
- Break down multi-step tasks into smaller chunks
- Provide copy of class notes and graphic organizer

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English Language Learners	Modifications for Gifted Students
All WIDA Can Do Descriptors can be found at this link: https://wida.wisc.edu/teach/can-do/descriptors Grades 9-12 WIDA Can Do Descriptors Listening Process recounts by Categorizing perspectives of multiple speakers Identifying important information on specific event & concept from lecture/presentation Process explanations by Recognizing specific language used to enhance clarity and precision Recognizing and following language related to the same event or phenomenon throughout presentations Process arguments by Identifying strengths, limitations, and potential biases from oral presentations Organizing claims and counter claims presented in debates Speaking Recount by Adjusting presentation style, degree of formality, word choice, tone, and information to the context and audience Presenting information that follows discipline specific organization (e.g., orientation to topic, sequence of events, conclusion) Explain by Providing precision and accuracy in classifications, procedures, processes, and accounts using abstraction, technical language, and a variety of active/passive verb forms Following discipline-specific organization (e.g., orienting the reader, details, conclusion) and supporting presentations with graphs, formulas, quotes or other media Argue by Organizing claims and counter claims in debates with evidence from multiple sources Negotiating differing cultural perspectives in pairs or small groups Reading Process recounts by Analyzing and comparing how authors use language for specific purposes and audiences Identifying how authors develop and maintain cohesion by connecting ideas or events in extended texts Process explanations by Recognizing discipline-specific patterns (e.g., orienting the reader, part-whole classification, neutral/ authoritative tone)	Students excelling in mastery of standards will be challenged with complex, high level challenges related to the topic. Raise levels of intellectual demands Require higher order thinking, communication, and leadership skills Differentiate content, process, or product according to student's readiness, interests, and/or learning styles Provide higher level texts Expand use of open-ended, abstract questions Critical and creative thinking activities that provide an emphasis on research and in-depth study Enrichment Activities/Project-Based Learning/ Independent Study Additional Strategies may be located at the links: Gifted Programming Standards Webb's Depth of Knowledge Levels and/or Revised Bloom's Taxonomy REVISED Bloom's Taxonomy Action Verbs

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- Identifying authors' precision and accuracy in classifications, comparisons, accounts, or procedures as a result of clear language choices
- Process arguments by...
 - Evaluating word choice and nuance as tools for distinguishing facts, claims, reasoned judgment, and opinions
- Identifying the logical connections among claims, counterclaims, reasons, and evidence Writing...
- Recount by...
 - Summarizing content-related notes from lectures or readings
 - Producing research reports using multiple sources of information
- Explain by...
 - Developing ideas about phenomena with relevant and sufficient facts, extended descriptions, concrete details, or quotations
 - Maintaining discipline-specific patterns that bridge across key uses (e.g., explanation to argument in history, explanation to recount for information reports)
- Argue by..
 - Evaluating positive and negative implications associated with various positions (e.g., historical events, scientific discoveries, individuals)
- Organizing information logically and coherently to represent contrasting views
 Oral Language...
- <u>Discuss</u> by...
 - Identifying and reacting to subtle differences in speech and register (e.g., hyperbole, satire, comedy)
 - o Producing coherent oral discourse appropriate to task, purpose, and audience
 - Synthesizing and sharing information from a variety of sources and perspectives

Students will be provided with accommodations and modifications that may include:

- Relate to and identify commonalities in Social Studies and science in student's home country
- Assist with organization
- Use of computer
- Emphasize/highlight key concepts
- Teacher Modeling
- Peer Modeling
- Label Classroom Materials Word Walls

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Interdisciplinary Connections

English Language Arts/Literacy

- 1. Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts, attending to important distinctions the author makes and to any gaps or inconsistencies in the account. **RST.11-12.1** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-6)
- 2. Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem. **RST.11-12.7** (HS-LS2-6)
- 3. Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information. **RST.11-12.8** (HS-LS2-6)
- 4. Synthesize information from a range of sources (e.g., texts, experiments, simulations) into a coherent understanding of a process, phenomenon, or concept, resolving conflicting information when possible. **RST.11-12.9** (HS-ETS1-1),(HS-ETS1-3)
- 5. Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes. **WHST.9-12.2** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 6. Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question) or solve a problem; narrow or broaden the inquiry when appropriate; synthesize multiple sources on the subject, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation. **WHST.9-12.7** (HS-LS1-3)
- 7. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specific task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation. **WHST.11-12.8** (HS-LS1-3)
- 8. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. **WHST.9-12.9** (HS-LS1-1)
- 9. WIDA Standards 1 English language learners communicate for social and instructional purposes within the school setting
- 10. **WIDA Standards 4** English language learners communicate information, ideas, and concepts necessary for academic success in the content area of science
- 11. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. **SL.11-12.5** (HS-LS1-2)

Unit 4: Human Impact and Marine Conservation

Mathematics

- 1. Reason abstractly and quantitatively. MP.2 (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2),(HS-LS2-6)
- 2. Model with mathematics. **MP.4** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 3. Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays. **HSN.Q.A.1** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 4. Define appropriate quantities for the purpose of descriptive modeling. **HSN.Q.A.2** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 5. Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities. **HSN.Q.A.3** (HS-LS2-1),(HS-LS2-2)
- 6. Represent data with plots on the real number line. HSS-ID.A.1 (HS-LS2-6)
- 7. Understand statistics as a process for making inferences about population parameters based on a random sample from that population. **HSS-IC.A.1** (HS-LS2-6)

Integration of Computer Science and Design Thinking NJSLS 8

- 8.2.12.EC.2: Assess the positive and negative impacts of emerging technologies on developing countries and evaluate how individuals, non-profit organizations, and governments have responded.
- 8.2.12.ETW.1: Evaluate ethical considerations regarding the sustainability of environmental resources that are used for the design, creation, and maintenance of a chosen product.
- 8.2.12.ETW.2: Synthesize and analyze data collected to monitor the effects of a technological product or system on the environment.
- 8.2.12.ETW.3: Identify a complex, global environmental or climate change issue, develop a systemic plan of investigation, and propose an innovative sustainable solution.
- 8.2.12.ED.5: Evaluate the effectiveness of a product or system based on factors that are related to its requirements, specifications, and constraints (e.g., safety, reliability, economic considerations, quality control, environmental concerns, manufacturability, maintenance and repair, ergonomics).
- 8.2.12.ED.6: Analyze the effects of changing resources when designing a specific product or system (e.g., materials, energy, tools, capital, labor).
- 8.2.12.ED.4: Design a product or system that addresses a global problem and document decisions made based on research, constraints, trade-offs, and aesthetic and ethical considerations and share this information with an appropriate audience.